Paper Persists

He had limbered up, as co-editor with Lane professor of the classics Richard F. Thomas, on the three-volume *Virgil Encyclopedia*, published in 2013.

Long memories. This magazine’s March-April issue documented participants’ recollections of the momentous early spring events that shook the campus a half-century ago (“Echoes of 1969,” page 52). The animating issues then—war, racial justice—loomed large, and still do. But Harvardians rose to protest lesser matters during the 1960s, too. In late April 1961, a throng of students took to the streets in the “Diploma Riots,” complete with togas, because President Nathan M. Pusey defended the faculty vote that made English the official language on diplomas.

The slight did not subside. At the class of ’61’s fifteenth reunion, secretary Greg Downes reports, he crafted a design swapping in TR-U-TH for VE-R-I-TAS on the Harvard shield. That very Crimson/brainiac form of protest has persisted, as shown on this swag from a recent reunion.

A blow against those who would trifle with tradition—or, one presumes, advocate nowdays for dubbing everything digitally (a class of 1961 Reunion 12.0 in 2021?).

Travel temptation. After a cold winter, the mind wanders to spring and summer, and inviting venues, European or otherwise. As it happens, among the elements collected in Dumbarton Oaks’s ephemera archives are some post-World War II travel posters, meant to encourage visitors to trot the globe again, for non-belligerent purposes. May this sample whet your appetite.

Centered on the young. During his 58 years on the faculty, the late Buttenweiser University Professor Stanley Hoffmann (profiled in “Le Professeur,” July-August 2007, page 32) had an outsized impact on the University, intellectually and during turning points such as the crises of April 1969. He also helped the United States and Europe understand each other, in a way that has seemed quaint of late.

The autumn 2017 edition of *Commentaire*, recently circulated on these shores, contains memorial essays by a number of former academic colleagues. Peter Gourevitch, Hoffmann’s Ph.D. advisee (’70) and then a newly appointed Harvard assistant professor (now emeritus from the University of California, San Diego), draws an enduring lesson from his mentor’s founding and early leadership of the Center for European Studies in 1969, amid colleagues including Henry Kissinger, Franklin Ford, David Landes, and Samuel Beer:

 “[T]he key to what the CES became was Hoffmann’s very strong commitment to have the Center be built not to serve these very famous senior faculty ‘barons’ but rather to be the instrument of the young, the graduate students and junior faculty. He wanted the intellectual life of the Center to proceed from the bottom up in order to encourage these voices.”

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